



SOUTH KAZAKHSTAN MEDICAL ACADEMY AO «Южно-Казахстанская медицинская академия»

Шет тілдер кафедрасы

Аралық аттестаттауға арналған бағдарлама сұрақтары

БАҚЫЛАУ ӨЛШЕУ ҚҰРАЛДАРЫ

Аралық аттестаттауға арналған бағдарлама сұрақтары

БББ атауы: 7М10105 «Медико-профилактикалық іс» Пәннің коды:M-Sht Пәннің атауы: «Foreign language (professional)» Оқұ сағаттарының саны/кредиттер: 60 сағат/2 кредит Оқу курсы мен семестр: 1 курс, 1 семестр

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Хаттама № 11 10. 06. 202	24 ж.	

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<question> Read text Life on Mars and choose correct answer for "The study in the journal 'Science' was written by NASA scientists"

A new study published in the journal SCIENCE shows definitive evidence of organic matter on the surface of Mars. The data was collected by NASA's nuclear-powered rover Curiosity. It confirms earlier findings that the Red Planet once contained carbon-based compounds. These compounds – also called organic molecules – are essential ingredients for life as scientists understand it.

The organic molecules were found in Mars's Gale Crater, a large area that may have been a watery lake over three billion years ago. The rover encountered traces of the molecule in rocks extracted from the area. The rocks also contain sulfur, which scientists speculate helped preserve the organics even when the rocks were exposed to the harsh radiation on the surface of the planet.

Scientists are quick to state that the presence of these organic molecules is not sufficient evidence for ancient life on Mars, as the molecules could have been formed by non-living processes. But it's still one of the most astonishing discoveries, which could lead to future revelations. Especially when one considers the other startling find that Curiosity uncovered around five years ago.

The rover analyses the air around it periodically, and in 2014 it found the air contained another of the most basic organic molecules and a key ingredient of natural gas: methane.

The possibility of life on Mars has fascinated humans for generations. It has been the subject of endless science-fiction novels and films. If the current missions to the Red Planet continue, it looks as if we may discover the answer very soon.

<question> Read text Life on Mars and choose correct answer for "This is not the first study to suggest that life existed on Mars in the past"

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<question> Read text Life on Mars and choose correct answer for <u>Methane is a natural molecule that is a sign of life.</u>

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The rover analyses the air around and found the air contained another key ingredient of natural gas: methane. One of the characteristics of methane is that it only survives a few hundred years. This means that something, somewhere on Mars, is replenishing the supply. According to NASA, Mars emits thousands of tons of methane at a time. The level of methane rises and falls at seasonal intervals in the year, almost as if the planet is breathing it.

NASA suspects the methane comes from deep under the surface of the planet. The variations in temperature on the surface of Mars cause the molecule to flow upwards at higher or lower levels. For

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example, in the Martian winter the gas could get trapped in underground icy crystals. These crystals, called catharses, melt in the summer and release the gas. However, the source of the methane is still a complete mystery.

According to this information, Mars is not a dead planet. On the contrary, it is quite active and may be changing and becoming more habitable.

Of course, this means further research is necessary. Scientists say they need to send new equipment to Mars, equipment that can measure the air and soil with more precision. There are already missions underway. The European Space Agency's ExoMars ship lands in 2020 and will be able to drill into the ground on Mars to analyse what it finds. Additionally, NASA is sending another Mars Rover in the same year to collect samples of Martian soil and return them to Earth.

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<question> Read text Life on Mars and choose correct answer for <u>All organic molecules have a limited</u> <u>lifespan.</u>

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Thanks to the field of linguistics we know much about the development of the 5,000 plus languages in existence today. We can describe their grammar and pronunciation and see how their spoken and written forms have changed over time. For example, we understand the origins of the Indo-European group of languages, which includes Norwegian, Hindi and English, and can trace them back to tribes in Eastern Europe in about 3000 BC. So, we have mapped out a great deal of the history of language, but there are still areas we know little about. Experts are beginning to look to the field of evolutionary biology to find

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out how the human species developed to be able to use language. So far, there are far more questions and half-theories than answers.

<question> Choose a heading for the paragraph.

We know that human language is far more complex than that of even our nearest and most intelligent relatives like chimpanzees. We can express complex thoughts, convey subtle emotions and communicate about abstract concepts such as past and future. And we do this following a set of structural rules, known as grammar. Do only humans use an innate system of rules to govern the order of words? Perhaps not, as some research may suggest dolphins share this capability because they are able to recognise when these rules are broken.

<question> Choose a heading for the paragraph.

If we want to know where our capability for complex language came from, we need to look at how our brains are different from other animals. This relates to more than just brain size; it is important what other things our brains can do and when and why they evolved that way. And for this there are very few physical clues; artefacts left by our ancestors don't tell us what speech they were capable of making. One thing we can see in the remains of early humans, however, is the development of the mouth, throat and tongue. By about 100,000 years ago, humans had evolved the ability to create complex sounds. Before that, evolutionary biologists can only guess whether or not early humans communicated using more basic sounds.

<question> Choose a heading for the paragraph.

Another question is about human brains that allowed language to evolve in a way that it did not in other primates? At some point, our brains became able to make our mouths produce vowel and consonant sounds, and we developed the capacity to invent words to name things around us. These were the basic ingredients for complex language. The next change would have been to put those words into sentences, similar to the 'protolanguage' children use when they first learn to speak. No one knows if the next step – adding grammar to signal past, present and future, for example, or plurals and relative clauses – required a further development in the human brain or was simply a response to our increasingly civilised way of living together. Between 100,000 and 50,000 years ago, though, we start to see the evidence of early human civilisation, through cave paintings for example; no one knows the connection between this and language. Brains didn't suddenly get bigger, yet humans did become more complex and more intelligent. Was it using language that caused their brains to develop? Or did their more complex brains start producing language?

<question> Choose a heading for the paragraph.

More questions lie in looking at the influence of genetics on brain and language development. Are there genes that mutated and gave us language ability? Researchers have found a gene mutation that occurred between 200,000 and 100,000 years ago, which seems to have a connection with speaking and how our brains control our mouths and face. Monkeys have a similar gene, but it did not undergo this mutation. It's too early to say how much influence genes have on language, but one day the answers might be found in our DNA.

<question> Read a paragraph and choose correct answer for Experts fully understand how the Hindi language developed.

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<question> Read a paragraph and choose correct answer for <u>The grammar of dolphin language follows</u> the same rules as human language.

We know that human language is far more complex than that of even our nearest and most intelligent relatives like chimpanzees. We can express complex thoughts, convey subtle emotions and communicate about abstract concepts such as past and future. And we do this following a set of structural rules, known as grammar. Do only humans use an innate system of rules to govern the order of words? Perhaps not, as some research may suggest dolphins share this capability because they are able to recognise when these rules are broken.

<question> Read a paragraph and choose correct answer for <u>Brain size is not the only factor in</u> <u>determining language capability.</u>

If we want to know where our capability for complex language came from, we need to look at how our brains are different from other animals. This relates to more than just brain size; it is important what other things our brains can do and when and why they evolved that way. And for this there are very few physical clues; artefacts left by our ancestors don't tell us what speech they were capable of making. One thing we can see in the remains of early humans, however, is the development of the mouth, throat and tongue. By about 100,000 years ago, humans had evolved the ability to create complex sounds. Before that, evolutionary biologists can only guess whether or not early humans communicated using more basic sounds.

<question> Read a paragraph and choose correct answer for <u>The language of very young children has</u> something in common with the way our prehistoric ancestors may have spoken.

Another question is, what is it about human brains that allowed language to evolve in a way that it did not in other primates? At some point, our brains became able to make our mouths produce vowel and consonant sounds, and we developed the capacity to invent words to name things around us. These were the basic ingredients for complex language. The next change would have been to put those words into sentences, similar to the 'protolanguage' children use when they first learn to speak. No one knows if the next step – adding grammar to signal past, present and future, for example, or plurals and relative clauses – required a further development in the human brain or was simply a response to our increasingly civilised way of living together. Between 100,000 and 50,000 years ago, though, we start to see the evidence of early human civilisation, through cave paintings for example; no one knows the connection

between this and language. Brains didn't suddenly get bigger, yet humans did become more complex and more intelligent. Was it using language that caused their brains to develop? Or did their more complex brains start producing language?

<question> Read a paragraph and choose correct answer for <u>When people started using complex</u> language, their brains got bigger.

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<question> Read a paragraph and choose correct answer for <u>The role of genetics in language capacity is</u> <u>not yet clear.</u>

More questions lie in looking at the influence of genetics on brain and language development. Are there genes that mutated and gave us language ability? Researchers have found a gene mutation that occurred between 200,000 and 100,000 years ago, which seems to have a connection with speaking and how our brains control our mouths and face. Monkeys have a similar gene, but it did not undergo this mutation. It's too early to say how much influence genes have on language, but one day the answers might be found in our DNA.

<question> Choose term to the definition. It involves taking a broad look at a text to decide whether it is worth reading more closely.

<question> Choose term to the definition. This reading mode is aimed only at finding the necessary information in the text. The text is viewed for the presence of unfamiliar words, so that after their translation it will be more easy to read the text fully.

<question> Choose term to the definition. This reading mode is used to get to know and understand if this information is useful to you (you are viewing a book in a store or a magazine on the shelf before buying it). The goal is to evaluate the text for complexity, interest and a general storyline.

<question> Choose term to the definition. The purpose of this type of reading is to get acquainted with new information. In this mode, people read art or scientific literature, without being distracted by new, unfamiliar words, if their meaning can be approximately understood from the context. It will be necessary to form and express your opinion about what you read or answer the questions.

<question> Choose term to the definition. Typically, this type of reading is used in the study of English in order to intensively parse the proposed short, teaching text. With this type of reading, grammatical constructions, unfamiliar words and phrases are intensively examined.

<question> What types of reading would you use to find dates, places, names or other specific information?

<question> What types of reading would you use to decide if you need read an article in a journal?

<question> What types of reading would you use to understand how DNA works?

<question> What types of reading would you use to read for pleasure some novel or poem?

<question> Link the pairs of sentences using correct link-word. Many people think that Sydney is the capital of Australia. Canberra is a really the capital.

<question>Link the pairs of sentences using correct link-word. The Amazon is the longest river in South America. The Nile is the longest river in the world.

<question>Link the pairs of sentences using correct link-word. Mount Everest is the highest mountain in the world. It is not the most difficult to climb.

<question>Link the pairs of sentences using correct link-word. It is very hot in the Sahara during the day. It can be very cold at night.

<question>Link the pairs of sentences using correct link-word. In Switzerland, the official language is French. Many people speak a little English.

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<question>Read the beginning of paragraph and write sentences (1-5) in correct order to develop the paragraph. While the car was speeding through Paris, Mr Taylor went through his notes one more time.

1.	Mr Taylor jumped out of the car with his briefcase and rushed into the center.
2.	"Welcome to Paris, Mr Taylor" said the smartly-dressed organizer and he let John
	Taylor down a long corridor into a small room.
3.	There, to his relief, he was greeted in English by the conference organizer.
4.	After giving Mr Taylor the coffee, organize went off to make sure everything was
	ready.
5.	Then the car stopped in front of a large conference center.

<question>Complete paragraph using an appropriate words. It was a comfortable flight _____1 his
plane arrived on time. John Taylor or was expecting a driver to pick him up from the airport.

² going through customs and immigration control, he went to find the driver. He saw a man who was holding a sign saying 'Mr Taylor', so he introduced himself. The driver replied in French. ³, Mr Taylor didn't speak French, ⁴ he did understand the words 'hotel' and 'seminar'.

_______, while a value of the meeting was early that morning, John Taylor decided to go straight to the seminar. He nodded his head at the driver and repeated 'seminar'.

<question> Match a topic sentence with its summary. A car manufacturer has designed and built a car that drives itself.

<question> Match a topic sentence with its summary. Despite these disadvantages, car manufacturers see driverless cars as the future.

<question> Match a topic sentence with its summary. However, there are still two main drawbacks.

<question> Match a topic sentence with its summary. The car works using two main devices.

<question> Match appropriate topic sentence with paragraph. _____. It can steer itself and control its speed. But this is a latest development in the long history of the automobile industry.

<question> Match appropriate topic sentence with paragraph. _____. The first is a radar sensor in the front of the car. It scans the road in front of the car, looking for other vehicles. It then speeds the car up or slows it down according to the traffic conditions. The second device is a camera below the rear view mirror which watches the white lines in the road. It uses these lines as a guide to steering the car.

<question> Match appropriate topic sentence with paragraph. _____. Firstly, the system can only work on motorways, and secondly, they still need a driver. If the driver doesn't touch the steering wheel every 10 seconds, the devices can stop working.

<question> Match appropriate topic sentence with paragraph. _____. They are already working on new models that will be able to drive on city roads. So, perhaps one day soon, we will be able to jump into our cars and sleep or read a book as we are driven to work.

<question>Consider the purpose of the paragraph. Mobile phones are now part of our everyday lives. Most people find them essential and couldn't manage without them. However, there are also some drawbacks to owning and using a mobile phone.

<question>Consider the purpose of the paragraph. There are three main advantages to having mobile phones. Firstly, there is the convenience of being able to make or receive a phone call at any time and in any place. Secondly, they are essential for keeping in touch with family and friends. Parents worried about the children can always bring them to check they are safe, and children can let their family know if they are going to be late home. Finally, mobile phones can save lives. For example, if the reason accident, help can be called immediately, wherever the accident takes place.

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<question>Consider the purpose of the paragraph. On the other hand, there are significant problems with the use of mobile phones. In the first place, using mobile phones can cause accidents, for instance, when people are driving and using their phone at the same time. In addition, the loud use of mobile phones in public places such as restaurants and cinemas is rude and can be very irritating for other people. Lastly, there has been an increase in street crime directly related to mobile phones.

<question>Consider the purpose of the paragraph. In conclusion, I believe that, despite the disadvantages, mobile phones are essential to modern life and that the advantages to owning one are far greater than the disadvantages.

<question> Read the report *School dinner scandal* and determine main information.

The results of a study into what 10,000 primary school children, that is, children aged 5 to 11, ate in a day shocked the researchers. They believe it shows that children's diets are getting worse and that this might cause health problems in the future. It shows that 49% of the children had eaten chips, which had been cooked in oil. Less than half had eaten a vegetable or a piece of fruit in the last 24 hours and, most shockingly, only one in ten children had eaten fish. As Dr. Bennett, the author of the study, concluded (2006, p.191) 'Poor eating habits in early childhood can lead to health problems in later life. It is therefore essential to ensure that children eat properly.'

<question> Point out definition to term Notes

<question> Point out definition to term Report

<question> Point out definition to term Dissertation/ Thesis

<question> Point out definition to term Paper

<question> Point out definition to term Essay

<question> Point out definition to term Project

<question> Point out definition to term Abstract

<question> Point out definition to term References

<question> Point out definition to term Appendices

<question> Point out definition to term Acknowledgements

<question> Point out definition to term Case study

<question> Point out definition to term Literature review

<question>Consider the purpose of the underlined sentence. <u>There are three main advantages to having mobile phones.</u> Firstly, there is the convenience of being able to make or receive a phone call at any time and in any place. Secondly, they are essential for keeping in touch with family and friends. Parents worried about the children can always bring them to check they are safe, and children can let their family know if they are going to be late home. Finally, mobile phones can save lives. For example, if the reason accident, help can be called immediately, wherever the accident takes place.

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<question>Match the topic sentence for the paragraph. _____. The plant is grown in many different parts of the world, such as Brazil and Kenya. Coffee producers collect the green beans and roast them. The color changes to brown and the beans become bigger. People then grind the beans into small grains. These are then boiled with water to produce coffee.

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<question>Match the topic sentence for the paragraph.____. It then spread to the Arabian peninsula. The word coffee, in fact, comes from the Arabic 'gahwa'. Later, in the 16th century, it became popular in Turkey, where it was called kahve. It then spread to Italy and the rest of Europe.

<question>Match the topic sentence for the paragraph. _____. In Bedouin Arab society, for example, people make fresh coffee early in the morning. They heat the coffee pot on a wood fire and keep it hot all day. When guests arrive, the hosts offer them coffee and small cups. There is even a way of showing the host by a signal that you would like more, or you have had enough.

<question>Choose a heading for the paragraph. Vancouver is in the south-west corner of Canada, just to the north of the border with the United States. Vancouver is a busy port and tourist center. It is situated on a peninsula and is surrounded by the Pacific Ocean on three sides. On the other side of the city are mountains, which rise to over 1500 meters.

<question>Choose a heading for the paragraph. According to the 2001 census, the population of Vancouver City is about 540,000. However, there are more than 2 million people living in the region. The population is ethically very mixed. The largest ethnic group is Chinese, although there are many Indians, Vietnamese, and Filipinos. Nearly a quarter of the population say that Chinese is their mother tongue. Only about half of the population speak English as their mother tongue.

<question>Choose a heading for the paragraph. Vancouver was founded as a small settlement called Granville in the 1870s. It was a small trading port for wood. In 1886 the city was renamed after a British naval captain, George Vancouver.

<question>Choose a heading for the paragraph. It has one of the mildest weather in Canada. The summers are usually sunny and dry. The hottest months are July and August. However, the temperature rarely goes above 22°C. The winter is mild. It is also the wettest season. There is some snow in the winter, but usually just on the mountains near the city.

<question>Choose a heading for the paragraph. Vancouver is famous for its scenery. It has more than 180 parks, including the famous Stanley Park. Near the city are forests and snow-kept mountains. Sports include skiing, hiking, cycling and boating. The most interesting sights include Gastown, Chinatown, English Bay, Vancouver Harbour and Robson Street, which is the main shopping center for high fashion. You can also take a trip to Granville Island where you can buy paintings from artists' studios. To get a great panoramic view of Vancouver, visitors should go to the Lookout – a viewing platform at the top of the Harbour Center Tower.

<question>Choose a heading for the paragraph. Have a look in your fridge, cupboard and fruit bowl and check the origins of the food. Perhaps there are apples from California, lamb from New Zealand, or potatoes from Egypt? You will probably be surprised how far food travels to get to your plate. This journey, from 'field to plate', is called 'food miles'. A food mile is the distance as that food travels from the farmer's field to the person who buys the food. Nowadays, food often travels thousands of miles to get to the consumer. Why is this, and what are the effects of these long distances?

<question>Choose a heading for the paragraph. The consumers also did not travel very far because they went to their local market to buy the food. And this was a good system for farmers and consumers. However, there were some disadvantages. For example, consumers could only buy food that farmers produced locally. In addition, they could only get food that was in season. Now, because of modern technology, food comes from all over the world. We do not have to wait for spring or summer to buy strawberries or tomatoes. They are available in winter if we want.

<question>Choose a heading for the paragraph. This is because they have difficult climates. The United Arab Emirates, for example, gets 85% of its food from other countries. Even food made in the UAE often

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uses imported materials. An example is a type of bread called Tasty Loaf, which is made locally. Tasty Loaf contains ingredients such as flow and sugar from Australia, Germany, China, Malaysia and India. If we add up all the distances, one loaf of this bread (about 450 g) requires a total of 12,690 km. This is a lot of 'food miles'.

<question>Choose a heading for the paragraph. Is this not a good way of increasing international trade interrogative? I believe these miles are worrying for a number of reasons. First of all, because food travels such long distances, we need more aeroplanes, lorries, and ships to move the food. This means we use more oil or petrol, so there is more pollution and more global warming. In addition, food that travels a long way is not fresh and usually not very tasty. Tomatoes, for example, are picked early and stored for their long journeys. For this reason, they are usually tasteless when they get to the consumer. Local food has a better taste, and it also reduces the amount of global pollution. We need to buy more local food. <question>Put sentences in the correct order to make a paragraph. Food is an important part of any culture

culture.	
1.	It can be as important as language, music, or literature.
2.	In addition, drinks can also be important to a culture.
3.	Eating rice, for example, is central to the culture of China.
4.	For example, mint tea is a traditional part of daily life for people in Morocco.
5.	Similarly, the Italian way of life could be very different without pasta.
· · · ·	

<question> Complete with the verb in passive voice: Cheese ... from milk.

<question>Fill in the gap with the verb in passive voice: The park gates ... at 6.00 every evening.

<question>Complete the sentence in passive voice: The thief (arrest) late last night.

<question>Complete the sentence in passive voice: The announcementtomorrow.

<question>Complete the sentence in passive voice; We ... by a loud noise during the night.

<question>Complete the sentence in passive voice: A new supermarket is going to ... next year.

<question>Complete the sentence in passive voice: There's somebody walking behind us. I think

<question>Complete the sentence in passive voice: 'Where ...?' 'In London'.

<question>Complete the sentence in passive voice: Jane ... to phone me last night, but she didn't.

<question>Complete the sentence in passive voice: The new computer system ... next month.

<question>Complete the sentence in passive voice. The children ... to the zoo.

<question>Complete the sentence. This car is not going ... in the race.

<question>Complete the sentence in passive voice: Will these clothes ... by Saturday?

<question>Complete the sentence in passive voice: Neither Jim nor Jack ... there.

<question>Complete the sentence in passive voice: Your food

<question>Complete the sentence in passive voice: Their engagement ... in the local paper.

<question>Complete the sentence in passive voice: When ...?

<question>Complete the sentence in passive voice: After the volcanic eruption of 1957 the railway station

<question>Complete with the verb in passive voice: This room yesterday

<question>Complete with the verb passive voice: The roof of the building ______ in a storm a few days ago.

<question>Choose the correct variant (Passive voice):

<question>Find the Passive sentence.

<question>Determine the Passive sentence.

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<question>Complete the sentence using Passive Voice. A cinema is a place where films

<question>Complete the sentences using Passive Voice. Many accidents by dangerous driving.

<question>Complete the sentence using Passive Voice. Although we were driving quite fast, we by a lot of other cars.

<question>Find question in the Passive voice.

<question>Scientists are studying the birth and growth of thunderstorms to discover what causes the difference between showers that enable crops to ______ and violent storms that cause floods and erosions.

<question>Low levels of hormones can cause a laundry list of health problems ______ fatigue, weight gain, and joint pain.

<question>In training, it is suggested that an instructor not lay a burden on an individual beyond his

<question>Since the Song group is going to make a(n) _____ recording in the stadium tomorrow, almost everyone is thought to be there.

<question>Alice Tyson has Xeroderma Pigmentosum which means exposure _____ sunlight increases her risk _____ getting cancer or going blind.

<question>It is claimed that there is a (n) _____ for every problem in a democracy.

<question>The police put the _____ for the accident _____ the driver of the car.

<question>Many things around us have begun to change so quickly that we can't _____ them easily.

<question>Marry is always seeing her doctor, for she doesn't care _____ her health at all.

<question>With the 1969 film The Learning Tree, Gordon Parks proved what a truly _____ artist he was: he not only directed the film and composed its musical score, but also adapted its screenplay from his own novel.

<question>The actor's _____ decline in popularity was as striking and unexpected as his meteoric rise to prominence had been.

<question>In denying the convicted felon's request for a retrial, the judge explained that the evidence demonstrating the man's guilt was _____.

<question>Although Rolf is usually quite _____, he was so angered by the salesman's rude remarks that he insisted on complaining to the manager.

<question>Scientists have discovered that our sense of smell is surprisingly _____, capable of distinguishing thousands of chemical odours.

<question>The ballet stage is a bright, seemingly weightless world where gravity is continually being ______by the dancers.

<question>To Judith, travelling was _____ her sister, however, looked upon each trip as an interminable experience.

<question>Many of the misconceptions about Queen Victoria were created by those who _____ her most; in their efforts to depict her as a model of all virtues, they lost sight of the real woman.

<question>Stem cells may turn out to be a/an _____ alternative to animal testing.

<question>The archaeologist enjoyed the _____ life she led while gathering artefacts; she never stayed at
any one site long enough to get bored.

<question>Professor Chen believes that the universal character of art refutes the prevailing notion that art is a _____ of civilization, a cultural frill, a social veneer.

<question>Joe Louis was a/an _____ fighter: he inspired fear in many of his opponents.

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<question>The fact that MTV, the cable channel devoted primarily to music, provided extensive coverage of the 1992 presidential race demonstrates how _____ politics and popular music culture have become. <question>According to the company spokesperson, the majority of the wrongful termination lawsuits filed against the company were frivolous, representing bogus claims made by _____ former employees hoping to strike it rich.

<question>The rumour was of the _____ variety, spreading slowly and almost imperceptibly until, finally, everyone seemed to have heard the story.

<question>Point out the irrelevant sentence. (I) Divers in France have found the oldest known bust of Roman dictator Caesar at the bottom of the River Rhone. (II) The bust was thrown in the river after she was assassinated. (III) The marble bust was found near Arles, which was founded by Caesar. (IV) France's culture ministry said the bust was from 46 BC, the date of the southern town's foundation. (V) The ministry described the bust, which shows a lined face and a balding head, as typical of realist portraits of the Republican era.

<question> Point out the irrelevant sentence. (I) A man has drowned after diving into a reservoir to rescue his girlfriend's daughter from the water. (II) The girl slipped when trying to catch a ball while playing with the man and her mother. (III) The girl got herself out, but the man got into difficulties. (IV) The fire brigade was called out and two hours later officers recovered the man's body from the water. (V) The report will be submitted to the police and the coroner.

<question> Point out the irrelevant sentence. (I) After years of mounting difficulties which brought the country close to economic collapse, a tough recovery programme was agreed with the IMF in 2002. (II) Since then, Turkey has seen impressive progress. (III) Turkey's powerful military, which sees itself as the guardian of the secular system, has a long history of involvement in politics. (IV) Economic growth has been strong and inflation has fallen dramatically. (V) However, huge foreign debt remains a major burden.

<question> Point out the irrelevant sentence. (I)My first impression of Istanbul after arriving at the airport was of the sheer size of the city. (II) It's enormous: a sprawl of housing that seems to stretch into infinity. (III) New and old seem to sit together everywhere. (IV) The streets were crowded and noisy. (V) There are giant, sparkling new skyscrapers and office blocks standing beside much older, more squalid houses and shops.

<question> Point out the irrelevant sentence. (I) Byzantion came under Roman control in the 1st Century BC. (II) They latinized the name to Byzantium. (III) In 330 AD, the Emperor decided to move the capital of the Roman Empire from Rome to Byzantium because Rome was falling under threat. (IV) He initially came up with the name of New Rome for the city, but later decided to rename it Constantinople. (V) The Byzantines considered themselves to be Romans but spoke Greek.

<question> Point out the irrelevant sentence. The Blue Mosque is officially the Mosque of Sultan Ahmet I. (II) It was built at the beginning of the 17th century and was designed by Sedefkar Mehmet Aga. (III) The Blue Mosque isn't blue on the outside, it is grey. (IV) It is built on the site of the Byzantine Great Palace - that is, the palace of the Byzantine Emperors. (V) The most distinctive feature of the mosque is its six minarets - a very unusual number.

<question> Point out the irrelevant sentence. (I) The Hippodrome was a racetrack for horses in Roman times. (II) It could hold around 100,000 spectators. (III) It became the center of the cultural and sporting life of the city - sport was culture, as far as the Roman in the street was concerned. (IV) Chariot racing was to the Romans what football is to modern man. (V) The buildings of the hippodrome are all gone now.

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<question> Point out the irrelevant sentence. (I) Our bodies are made from the foods that we eat (II) All foods consist of proteins, fats, carbohydrates, trace nutrients, and non-digestible components, such as fibre. (III) A varied diet with the right proportion of nutrients is the foundation of good health. (IV) Low levels of minerals or vitamins can cause diseases such as anaemia, goitre, pellagra, rickets, scurvy, and mental retardation. (V) The proportion and quantity of the foods that we eat determine whether we will be healthy or develop nutritional diseases.

<question> Point out the irrelevant sentence. (I) The best way to lose body fat weight is through diet. (II) Many people believe that exercise is a good way to lose weight. (III) This is not so. (IV) Fifteen minutes of moderately vigorous exercise will only burn approximately 100 calories. (V) You need 10 hours of moderate exercise to burn the calories equivalent to one pound of fat, but you cannot selectively burn only fat.

<question> Point out the irrelevant sentence. (I) Before starting an exercise program, consulting a physician is particularly important for the sportsmen. (II) According to a report, sports injuries among baby boomers increased by 33 per cent from 1991 to 1998. (III) In 1998, baby boomers suffered more than 1 million sports - injuries which cost over \$18.7 billion dollars in medical expenses. (IV) The highest numbers of sports-related injuries came from bicycling, basketball, baseball, and running. (V) The most common injuries were due to accidents or overuse and affected the knees, ankles, lower back, and shoulders.

<question> Point out the irrelevant sentence. (I) Gaultier is a French fashion designer who never received formal design training. (II) His sheer lace design worn by Teri Hatcher at the Grammy Awards drew international attention. (III) He started sending sketches to famous couture stylists, and Pierre Cardin hired him as an assistant in 1970. (IV) His first individual collection was released in 1976. (V) By 1981 he was known for irreverent, provocative designs, and for using unconventional models in his exhibitions. <question> Point out the irrelevant sentence. (I) The best way to start the budgeting process is to collect your receipts and bills for the last several months and start organizing them into the expense categories listed above. (II) Make new categories to suit your individual needs. (III) You also need to have your tax forms for the previous year. (IV) You have had to add up your monthly expenses and your monthly income to start your budget planning. (V) They contain a summary of your wages and the amount of tax that you paid.

<question> Point out the irrelevant sentence. (I) Bathrooms can be high-risk areas because of the slippery surfaces and often small rooms. (II) Many people fall when holding onto a towel bar or pushing on the sink in order to stand from the toilet. (III) Generally a short bar vertical on the wall as you enter the tub and, ideally, a right angle grab bar on the far wall is recommended. (IV) This obviously is not safe to do. (V) Instead, professionally installed grab bars will make negotiating your bathroom much easier and safer.

<question> Point out the irrelevant sentence. A lorry driver is trapped in the cab of his burning vehicle after an accident. (II) The police, firefighters and ambulance service are at the scene, but it is clear he will burn to death before he can be freed. (III) He begs the policeman, who happens to be armed, to shoot him rather than let him burn. (IV) It is difficult to imagine anyone, however religious, condemning the policeman's conduct as wicked. (V) This choice -between killing someone and leaving them to die in unbearable pain- is known as the "policeman's dilemma".

<question> Point out the irrelevant sentence. (I) Dark matter, weakly interacting massive particles (WIMPS) in the universe, emits no electromagnetic radiation. (II) That is why it cannot be seen by a telescope. (III) However, we can infer its existence through its gravitational effects on luminous matter.

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(IV) But there is a problem here. (V) The most obvious example of this is observed when looking at the rotation rates of galaxies.

<question> Point out the irrelevant sentence. (I) Time management is fundamental to a modern industrialized society (II) That is because any industrial undertaking depends on performing a set of specific steps. (III) For the process to succeed everything must be in a place so that it can be used at the correct time. (IV) Managing time is the way people organize their lives. (V) Yet, for it to be efficient, people must know how long each step should take.

<question> Point out the irrelevant sentence. (I) The Big Bang theory, which tries to explain how the universe was formed, maintains that in the beginning, everything was compressed into a single point. (II) Then a great explosion resulted in the universe being formed. (III) According to the Bing Bang theory, there are three possibilities for the universe's future. (IV) This theory is based on the fact that all galaxies, when observed with telescopes, are moving away from each other. (V) After this explosion, matter started clumping together to form the stars and galaxies we see today.

<question> Point out the irrelevant sentence. (I) Human ego, rooted in each one of us was given to serve only as a point of comparison. (II) We can perceive the attributes of the Creator by that. (III) The ego mentioned above doesn't own itself or its body, nor is it something found by chance. (IV) This truth has become manifest to us in all its dimensions. (V) Rather, it is an extremely complex, intricate and amazing Divine Machine of a factory.

<question> Point out the irrelevant sentence. (I) There are three parts of the nervous system. (II) The human nervous system is highly developed and extremely complex. (III) The central nervous system includes the brain and spinal cord. (IV) The autonomic nervous system includes nerves that serve the internal organs (V) The peripheral nervous system includes the spinal and cranial nerves.

<question> Point out the irrelevant sentence. (I) For years, experts had believed that an individual's ability to learn was a fixed capacity. (II) Several proven ways to boost the learning ability were gathered from the ideas of experts, (III) During the last two decades, however, leading psychologists and educators have come to think otherwise. (IV) "We have been increasing proof that human intelligence is expandable," says an expert. (V) "We know that with proper skills people can actually improve their learning ability".

<question> Point out the irrelevant sentence. (I) Is the world ready for a world commodities organisation? (II) Such an idea did not seem ludicrous to John Maynard Keynes, one of the main forces behind the creation of the IMF five decades ago. (III) At that time, Keynes wanted a sister institute to bring order to organise commodity markets. (IV) He made his first real-estate fortune as a buyer of last resort in slumps. (V) He failed then, but plans are a foot to revive a version of his dream.

<question> Point out the irrelevant sentence. (I) People should see themselves as sharing responsibility for the harm experienced by their communities far more often than they do. (II) There is a distinction between shared responsibility and collective responsibility. (III) Collective responsibility applies to a group as such (not necessarily to individual members). (IV) This makes group m members responsible for group values. (V) The latter applies to individuals within groups because of their membership relation with the group.

<question> Point out the irrelevant sentence. (I) Today, the United States is in the grip of a sudden industrial revolution. (II) This is an idealized picture of how we would like things to be, rather than the reality that most people experience. (III) While the first, something from the 1870s to the 1970s, shattered the main section of the American economy from agriculture to industry, the new revolution is shifting the economy away from traditional "smokestack" manufacturing industries to those based upon information,

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services and new technologies. (IV) It took the country decades to accommodate the cultural and social changes resulting from the first industrial revolution. (V) It would be rashly optimistic to assume that Americans will not face serious stresses in coming to terms with the changes that are transforming the workplace today.

<question> Point out the irrelevant sentence. (I) Oceanography is the scientific study of the world's oceans which cover over 70 per cent of the earth's surface. (II) The beginnings of modern oceanography go back to the 1870s when, for the first time, wide ranging scientific observations and studies of the oceans were undertaken by the British. (III) Since then, oceanography has developed into a highly technical and interdisciplinary science which is now divided into several fields of study. (IV) Geological oceanography is also another branch of oceanography and is mainly concerned with the formation, composition and evaluation of the ocean basins. (V) These are biological oceanography, which is concerned with the composition of seawater, played by the oceans in climate and weather.

<question> Point out the irrelevant sentence. (I) Universities are institutions of higher education whose principal objects are the increase of knowledge over the teaching of students. (II) Such societies existed in the ancient world, notably in Greece and India, but the origin of the University as we know it today lies in medieval Europe. (III) The word "universitas" being a contraction of the Latin term for corporations of teachers and students organised for the promotion of higher learning. (IV) Oxford was founded by an early migration of scholars from Paris, and Cambridge began with a further migration from Oxford. (V) The earliest bodies to become recognised under this description were at Bologna and Pans in the first half of the 12th century.

<question> Point out appropriate paragraph completion. Both English learners and ESL teachers can use this online exercise as a revision to check the knowledge of paragraph completion. This year, oil exporters could haul in \$700 billion from selling oil to foreigners. This includes not only the Organisation of Petroleum Exporting Countries (OPEC) but also Russia and Norway, the world's second- and thirdbiggest earners. ______. In real terms, this is almost double their dollar surpluses in 1974 and 1980 when Russia's hard-currency exports were tiny.

<question> Point out appropriate paragraph completion. "Information wants to be free," according to a celebrated aphorism from the early days of the internet. _____. As search-engine firms and others unveil plans to place books online, publishers fear that the services may end up devouring their business, either by bypassing them or because the initiatives threaten to make their copyrights redundant.

<question> Point out appropriate paragraph completion. Across the Himalayas, there is what seismologists call a "slip deficit"—a lack of earthquakes to release the stress that is known to be accumulating. _____. Nevertheless, Roger Bilham, of the University of Colorado, says it is doubtful that the Kashmir quake released more than one-tenth of the cumulative energy stored there. Furthermore, in the past half-century, the Himalayan region has seen fewer powerful earthquakes than might be predicted from historical records.

<question> Point out appropriate paragraph completion. Two years after the end of the first world war, America passed the Jones Act. ______. The war had convinced lawmakers of the need to foster a home-grown fleet for use in times of conflict or national emergency. In 1944, while a more modern war still raged in Europe, governments meeting in Chicago took inspiration from the Jones Act while laying down the regulations that would govern international air transport. These were crafted to safeguard the vital strategic role of each country's "flag carrying" national airline.

<question> Point out appropriate paragraph completion. Benjamin Franklin, one of America's founding fathers, wrote that "They that can give up essential liberty to obtain a little temporary safety deserve

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neither liberty nor safety." ______. What precisely are the essential liberties which, when given up, make a liberal society unworthy of the name? In Franklin's own country, as well as in Britain, Australia and elsewhere, these questions are proving particularly vexing to policymakers trying to deal with terrorism. <question> Point out appropriate paragraph completion. For more than two weeks, France has been gripped by unrest that began in one suburb north-east of Paris, later spreading around the capital's periphery and to scores of cities across the country. In scenes that have rocked the country and are broadcast nightly on television, more than 6,000 vehicles have been set alight in nearly 300 towns; over 1,500 people have been arrested; one man has died. By Monday November 14th, the violence had subsided in many of the worst-hit areas, though incidents were still being reported across the country; on Sunday night, more than 280 vehicles were torched and 115 people arrested.

<question> Point out appropriate paragraph completion. In recent weeks, the world's public health officials have been afflicted with a sort of pandemic of meetings about bird flu. _____. Plans were hatched for how best to respond to the threat from a virus that is threatening poultry around the world and which, it is feared, may trigger a pandemic of human flu.

<question> Point out appropriate paragraph completion. The airlines are constantly pressing the manufacturers to produce large and medium-sized aircraft that can fly anywhere in the world non-stop. Gradually they are getting what they want, particularly with the latest Boeing and Airbus 250-300 seaters on the way. _____. If flights like that become common, Emirates, with its giant planes and global hub, would be flying in the face of conventional wisdom.

<question> Point out appropriate paragraph completion. One of the more interesting ideas to emerge from America's soul-searching after the turn-of-the-century corporate scandals is that its leading business schools may have neglected to teach students about the moral dimension of being a CEO. _____. Harvard, Stanford and others have since scrambled to introduce business ethics classes, but for any aspiring boss not fortunate enough to attend.

<question> Point out appropriate paragraph completion. _____. Iraq's former ruling minority had many reasons to dislike the document's contents -the federal system split the country, they said, and allowed oil revenues to be distributed unevenly to benefit the Shia- and now they have reason to contest its legitimacy. Even before the election, some American and British officials said they were dreading this kind of result, which could stoke rather than pacify the insurgency.

<question> Point out appropriate paragraph completion. Erectile dysfunction (ED) is a common problem in the United States, with a prevalence of 52 per cent in men 40 to 70 years of age and an increase of 5 per cent per decade after 40 years of age. There seems to be a cure for the dysfunction. ______. Although improvements in sexual function appear to be related to quality of life, the relationship between quality of life and successful treatment of ED has been difficult to ascertain.

<question> Point out appropriate paragraph completion. Like most students, Emily was juggling a full schedule of classes. But in the middle of her junior year, she became overwhelmed by her normal routine. She rarely went out. Now a 30-year-old retail analyst. "Even though my eating habits hadn't changed, I kept gaining weight." At first, she chalked it up to the winter blues. _____.

<question> Point out appropriate paragraph completion. During the earliest stages of life, when an embryo consists of fewer than a dozen or so cells, _____. Each embryonic cell is, in the jargon of biologists, totipotent: It has the ability to give rise to cells that make up the eyes, the liver, the brain, or any other part of an adult animal. Yet as an embryo develops, cells lose this ability.

<question> Point out appropriate paragraph completion. Jane Addams was a peacemaker even when she was criticized for her views. She taught, wrote, and lectured about peace both nationally and

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internationally. Before World War I, Addams was probably the most beloved woman in America. In a newspaper poll that asked, "Who among our contemporaries are of the most value to the community?"

<question> Point out appropriate paragraph completion. _____. Even as a young man, Patrick Henry had that kind of influence in the American Colonies. Born in 1736, Henry, a natural leader and a brilliant speaker, believed in individual rights and independence from the British government. As a young lawyer, he astonished his courtroom audience in 1763 with an eloquent defence based on the idea of natural rights, the political theory that humans are born with certain inalienable rights.

<question> Point out appropriate paragraph completion. Business diversity is associated with walking trips. Having four or more different types of businesses in a neighbourhood significantly increased the number of walking trips among residents. This is probably true because of added convenience _____.

<question> Point out appropriate paragraph completion. Midsize organizations producing live performances face the most serious financial strain. Either they will have to become larger and more prestigious -which many lack the resources to do- or they will have to cut their budgets and become more community-oriented, using local talent to keep costs down. _____.

<question> Point out appropriate paragraph completion. One problem with Bing Bang theory is explaining how the stars and galaxies were formed. ______. Gravity alone cannot cause this in a smooth universe, and so something had to supply the initial gravity that allowed galaxies to form. Physicists suggest that dark matter WIMPs (weakly interacting massive particles) accomplished this task Since WIMPs only affect ordinary matter gravitationally, physicists say this dark matter could be the seed of galactic formation.

<question> Point out appropriate paragraph completion. Magic is used to overcome and help the good. However, it is portrayed as a positive element to be used in our daily life. _____. This emphasizes asserts that can be resolved through human willpower and effort. In this case, there is the possibility to believe in socery's power, and thereby be drawn into helplessness and pessimism and forgetfulness of Divine Power.

<question> Point out appropriate paragraph completion. _____. Some plants, such as cactus, are able to store large amounts of water in their leaves or stems. After a rainfall, these plants absorb a large supply of water to last until the mesquite, have extraordinarily deep root systems that allow them to obtain water from far below the desert's arid surface.

<question> Point out appropriate paragraph completion. Although science and technology have never been humanity's first need, it is wrong to reject them in favour of some idealistic philosophies.

What is more important here is who controls science and what goals they are serving. In the hands of few irresponsible individuals, science might make the world into hell, whereas no one has ever been hurt from a gun in the hands of an angel. Science and technology are desirable as long as they serve human values, bring peace and hapiness, contribute to international hormony, and help solve humanity's material and spiritual problems.

<question> Point out appropriate paragraph completion. In English, there are many different kinds of expressions that people use to give a name to anything whose name is unknown or momentarily forgotten. The word gatget is one such word. _____. In everyday use, the word has a more general meaning. Other words are also used to give a name to something unnamed or unknown, and these words tend to be somewhat imaginative.

<question> Point out appropriate paragraph completion. Blood plasma is a clear, almost colourless liquid. It consists of blood from which the red and white blood cells have been removed. It differs in several

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important ways from whole blood. At the very beginning, plasma can be mixed for all donors and doesn't have to be from the right blood group, as whole blood does. _____.

<question> Point out appropriate paragraph completion. Penguins are the most highly specialized of all birds for marine life. They swim entirely by means of their flipperlike wings, using their webbed feet as rudders. Their stiff feathers serve as insulation and are waterproof when oiled. Since their legs are set far back on their bodies, they waddle awkwardly on land often travel by swinging on their bellies over the ice as they migrate sometimes great distances. Underwater they can swim up to 25 miles (40.3km) per hour as they pursue the fish, squid, and shrimp that form their diet. _____. This results in weight losses of up to lb (33.8 kg) during the two-month incubation period.

<question> Point out appropriate paragraph completion. Singapore possesses all the ingredients for traffic disaster. The Island city-state has a large population, a limited land area, booming economic growth and one of the highest automobile densities in the world. _____. Yet, Singapore's traffic moves smoothly. Much of the explanation lies in sound urban planning and an effective mass-transit system.

<question> Point out appropriate paragraph completion. We owe the name and the concept of Atlantis to Plato. It was first mentioned in his dialogues Timaeus and Critias, where he claims to be reporting a conversation that had taken place between his ancestor, Solon, and an Egyptian priest. The dialogues tell us the overwhelming of a culture by a catastrophe which by modern chronology would have occurred about 9600 BC, at the end of the last Ice Age. _____. Therefore, it's hard for archaeologists to believe that it's fictitious and this has given rise to a host of speculations about where Atlantis might have been and even to expeditions aiming to discover, vestiges of the civilisation itself.

<question> Point out appropriate paragraph completion. ___. She was carrying 1316 passengers and a crew of 891. Even by modern standards, the 66.000 ton. She was a colossal ship. At that time, however, she was not only the largest ship that had ever been built but was regarded as unsinkable, for she had sixteen watertight compartments. Even if two of these were flooded, she would still be able to float. The tragic sinking of this great liner will always be remembered, for she went down on her first voyage with heavy loss of life.

<question> Point out appropriate paragraph completion. There was a time when the owners of shops and businesses in Chicago had to pay large sums of money to gangsters in return for "protection". If the money was not paid promptly, the gangsters would quickly put a man out of business by destroying his shop. _____. As long ago as the fourteenth ' century, an Englishman, Sir John Hawkwood, made the remarkable discovery that people would rather pay large sums of money than have their work destroyed by gangsters.

<question> Point out appropriate paragraph completion. Pumas are large, cat-like animals that are found in America. When reports came into London Zoo that a wild puma had been spotted forty-five miles south of London, they were not taken seriously. _____. Because the descriptions given by people who claimed to have seen the puma were extraordinarily similar.

<question> Point out appropriate paragraph completion. Editors of newspapers and magazines often go to extremes to provide their readers with unimportant facts and statistics. Last year a journalist had been instructed by a well-known magazine to write an article on the president's palace in a new African republic. ______. The article began: "Hundreds of steps lead to the high wall which surrounds the president's palace." The editor at once sent the journalist a telegram instructing him to find out the exact number of steps and the height of the wall.

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<question> Point out appropriate paragraph completion. ___. Because of this, they were known as "prize-fighters". However, boxing was very crude, for there were no rules and a prize-fighter could be seriously injured or even killed during a match.

<question> Point out appropriate paragraph completion. In order to answer some questions about life, we have to consider the different development rates of various animals. We know, for example, that mammalian lifespans vary from a few weeks to more than a century. But is this a "real" distinction in terms of a mammal's own perception of time and rate? Does a rat really live "less" than an elephant? _____. The heart beats more rapidly and metabolism proceeds at a greatly quick rate. In fact, for several criteria of relative time, all mammals live about the same amount.

<question> Point out appropriate paragraph completion. When people first began to try to fly in the 18th century, they used hot-air balloons. However, it was not really possible to control the balloons. They went wherever the wind was blowing. The idea of a real flying machine remained a dream for a long time to come. That year Wilbur and Orville Wright made their first successful flight in an aeroplane.

<question> Point out appropriate paragraph completion. One hundred and thirteen million Americans have at least one bank-issued credit card. _____. They give their owners automatic credit in stores, restaurants, and hotels, at home, across the country, and even abroad, and they make many banking services available as well. More and more of these credit cards have magnetic strips on the back which can be read by automatic tellers, making it possible to withdraw or deposit money whether or not the local branch bank is open.

<question> Point out appropriate paragraph completion. ___. However, new technology may soon make this possible. Cars will have computers to tell drivers which roads have the least traffic. That way the drivers will not waste time in traffic jams. There will also be less pollution because the car engines will be running less. These new cars will be known as "smart cars."

<question> Point out appropriate paragraph completion. ____. In neurotic anxiety, the person fears that his instincts will get out of control and cause him to behave in ways that will be punished. In moral anxiety, the person feels conscience-stricken or quality about unacceptable things that he feels he has done or even contemplates. Both neurotic and moral anxiety are derivatives of reality anxiety, the fear of real dangers in the external world.

<question> Point out appropriate paragraph completion. ___. For example, customers see advertisements in magazines and newspapers. They often see television ads or hear ads on the radio. The signs along roads are advertisements. It is not unusual for people to get advertisements in the mail. However, manufacturers are always looking for the best form of advertising. They know that the best ads demonstrate products.

<question> Point out appropriate paragraph completion. Gasoline comes from oil; oil is the raw material from the Earth that is used for many important products. _____. In other words, petroleum is a nonrenewable resource. When the supply of this important raw material is gone, there will be no more.

<question> Point out appropriate paragraph completion. In almost all major cities of the world, there are homeless people. ______. Most of them do not have jobs because of the bad economic situation in the country. Their families can no longer take care of them because of the bad economy, so they live on the streets. Taking care of these homeless people is a serious problem because of their increasing numbers in many cities and countries.

<question> Point out appropriate paragraph completion. A wise person thinks about the results of simple actions. He or she thinks beyond the situation and into the future. Part of being wise is intelligence.

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_____. In this way, he or she can easily communicate with people. A wise person is also someone who mulls causes and outcomes of his or her movements over is a wise.

<question> Point out appropriate paragraph completion. Many people assume that music is mediated solely in the right brain. That is not so. It is true that the right brain recognizes chords and melodies and seems to mediate pure and slow tones. _____. Fast music, such as bluegrass, requires judgements about sequencing and rhythm, and for this, the left hemisphere lends its services.

<question> Point out appropriate paragraph completion. For many years, people living in remote areas relied on the sears or Montgomery Word's catalogues to purchase the necessities of life. These "wish books" as they were often called helped people improve the quality of their lives. Nowadays, every household in the country receives a barrage of various catalogues selling everything from electric golf cards to padded coat hangers. _____. But so often these items are just superfluous, absurd trifles.

<question> Point out appropriate paragraph completion. ____. Wherever they go, people turn out in the thousands to greet them. The crowds go wild trying to catch a brief glimpse of their smiling, colourfully dressed idols. They transported in their chauffeur-driven Rolls-Royces, private permanent entourage of managers, press agents, and bodyguards. Photographs of them appear regularly in the press and all their comings and goings are reported, because, like royalty, they are news.

<question> Point out appropriate paragraph completion. Most of the world is changing rapidly. However, some North American Indian leaders - called elders - do not want to give up traditions, their old ways. Technology does not impress them. Progress is not always good. _____. Therefore, they keep the stories, the religion, and the traditions alive.

<question> Point out appropriate paragraph completion. Before a child is 14 years old, he or she views 11 thousand murders on TV. He or she begins to believe that there is nothing strange about fights, killings, and other kinds of violence. Many studies show that people become more violent after watching a certain program. They may even do the things that they saw in a violent program. _____. After it appeared on TV in the United States, twenty-nine people tried to kill themselves in a way similar to an event in the film.

<question> Point out appropriate paragraph completion. "Aborigines" are the first or original inhabitants of a country. The Australian Aborigines have been living in Australia for over 40,000 years. At one stage in their history, there were possibly over a million Aborigines. _____. Today, only about 100,000 survive. Although some still lead a traditional life in the remote and desert areas of the Australian outback, many now live in poor conditions in cities and towns.

<question> Point out appropriate paragraph completion. While it can be argued that the early Victorians invented Christmas, reinvented would be a more accurate expression. ______. In fact, the idea that Christmas should be a time for feasting and merrymaking can be traced back to pagan festivals like the Roman Saturnalia, predating Christianity itself, and the traditional Christmas pudding, containing nuts and raisins, was already on the menu two hundred years ago. The family in a Christmas Carol were following tradition in having goose for their dinner, though turkey has now taken its place as the cornerstone of the feast.

<question> Point out appropriate paragraph completion. Cosmology is the scientific inquiry into what the universe is like. By making assumptions that are not contradicted by the behaviour of the observable universe, scientists build models, or theories, that attempt to describe the universe as a whole, including its origin and its future. _____. Then the model must be modified or discarded. Cosmologists usually assume that the universe, except for small irregularities, has an identical appearance to all observers. This unproven concept is called the cosmological principle.

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Шет тілдер кафедрасы	044-30-11()

<question> Point out appropriate paragraph completion. ___. It's a piece of paper listing previous qualifications and experience. Increasing reliance on paper qualifications and the multiplication of the number of qualifications now available have led to a situation where this particular qualifications list and its presentation are an essential first step towards getting one's foot in the door of a job.

<question> Point out appropriate paragraph completion. Every year about two and a half million animals are used in scientific experiments in Britain. The number has fallen in the last few years but it still provokes the vigorous opposition of defenders of animal rights. The scientists who carry out the experiments justify them by the argument that thousands of people owe their lives to medicines and techniques first evaluated and made safe by animal testing; in their opinion, the benefit for humanity outweighs the inevitable suffering inflicted on animals. _____. Their contention is that animals have feelings, like us, which ought to be respected.

<question> The health-care reforms realized by the government, with partial support of the opposition, _____, by a majority of non-governmental organizations, _____ far from revolutionary in providing ample service, especially to the elderly retirees.

<question>Diana Prince, as she _____ to the outside world, possesses special powers that _____ about when she whirls around to transform into Wonder Woman.

<question> On the soccer field, his remarkable skill in his brilliant kicks, passes and runs _____ by Pele once.

<question> He used his ability to make people _____ that he _____ future events.

<question> There is a range of issues that need _____ by the funders and policymakers.

<question> The Alligator Mound _____ on a prominent point at the southern extension of a long glaciated ridge in Licking County.

<question> The companies _____ to apply the regulations so as to make the working conditions better in the managing directors' summit.

<question> In parts of western and southern India, the dire economic state of farmers _____ for thousands of suicides in recent years.

<question> All of the passports _____ to employees by 1 May 2018.

<question> Once the center of the Ottoman Empire, the modern secular republic _____ in the 1920s by nationalist leader Kemal Atatürk.

<question> Over the past year, the economy _____ by the blows of a trio of crises — housing, credit and financial.

<question> A holistic approach _____ in assessing the potential environmental and health effects of toxic effluent from the industry.

<question> Newer media older media but in concert with them.

<question> After intense bargaining, EU membership talks

<question> Extracts of the fungus _____ for centuries by Eastern healers, who ______ it has the power to rejuvenate and extend life.

<question> Home sales _____ by a ferocious mortgage credit crunch and a wave of foreclosures.

<question> Further research _____ before we know if mushroom extracts _____ to treat cancer patients.

<question> The hotel, which _____ only last year, _____ with a solarium and sauna.

<question> After the home side _____ 3-2 in a thrilling football match, the winner players _____ by the supporters.

<question> The police officers ______ the suspicious killing of a diplomat before a renowned businessman ______ a couple of days ago.

[Введите текст]

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Шет тілдер кафедрасы	044-36-11 ()
Аралық аттестаттауға арналған бағдарлама сұрақтары	27page. from 26

<question> More than 440.000 residential construction jobs _____ in the current housing downturn in the past month alone.

<question> Three weeks after the last resistance against the conservative party _____, the members of the
party _____ unopposed into the town hall, and the conservative party's 20-year rule began.

<question> The day before the event, at least one man _____ dead in riots by supporters protesting against his prosecution.

<question> Hiroshima _____ quite heavily by the Unites States bombing during the Second World War, but it _____ soon after the war.